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*Vienna, July 26.*

WE have Letters by an Express from the Imperial Camp before *Buda*, which inform us, That the Duke of *Lorrain* having received advice, that the Enemy were drawing what Troops they could together in order to relieve *Buda*, and that 20000 Turks were posted about three miles from that place, his Highness resolved to go and fight them. He marched all night, and the 22. in the morning fell upon the Enemy, and after a fight of six hours, entirely defeated them, killing 4000 upon the place, and taking their Cannon, Baggage, and a great many prisoners; after which the Imperialists returned to their Posts before *Buda*, and the besieged being informed of the defeat of the Army, by which they expected to have been relieved, hung out a White Flag, and begun to Capitulate, but his Highness let them know that he would not grant them any Conditions, but that they must surrender on discretion. We have Letters from Count *Leslie*'s Camp of the 13th Instant, which give an account, that he was engaged in the Siege of *Virovitza*, otherwise called *Berzeche*, a very considerable Post between the *Drave* and the *Save*, and not far from the Bridge of *Essecke*; There are in it 500 Janisaries, and the Besiegers are said to be 15000 strong.

*Linitz, July 29.* The Count *de Magni* arrived here two days agone from the Camp before *Buda*, with news of the defeat of a great Body of Turks near that place, of which the following Letter from the Duke of *Lorrain* to the Emperor will tell you all the Particulars we yet know of this great Action. We have likewise advice that the Croats under the command of Count *Leslie*, have defeated 4 or 5000 Turks who were in two Parties near *Flatina*. And to add to these happy successes an Express is arrived here from *Pawarow* with Letters of the 14th Instant, which give an account, that the General of *Poland*, who was encamped at *Trembowla*, having advice that 8000 Turks were on their march to put 300 Wagons laden with Provisions and Ammunition into *Caminiec*, he sent out a strong Detachement, who fell upon the said Convoy, and after a very obstinate fight entirely defeated the Enemy, killing 1200 of them upon the place, and taking all the Wagons and 300 prisoners, among which were three Aga's, and an Officer who was sent by the Visier to take an account of the condition of the place, that he might make report thereof to him, but he was so wounded that it was thought he would not live. We have advice from *Upper Hungary*, that Count *Teckeley* has taken the Castle of *Ungwar*.

The Duke of *Lorrain*'s Lettter.

*IT having pleased Almighty God to give Your Imperial Majesty yesterday, being the Feast of St* Mary Magdalen, *a great and signal Victory, I could not omit sending this Express Count* Charles de Magni, *Colonel of Dragoons, to give your Imperial Majesty an account of it, with all the Circumstances that have accompanied this great Action. Upon the advice we received the 21. Instant, we resolved to leave all the Infantry and what Horse was necessary before* Buda, *and with the rest of the Cavalry and 1000 Musqueteers commanded by the Count d'Aversperg, and 1500 Hussars commanded by Count* John Esterhasi, *to go and meet the Enemy, who were encamped two German miles beyond* Buda, *near* Hanschabets: *We marched all night, and by break of day were within half a mile of the Enemies Camp, who might easily see and observe us, being very well Intrenched. They came out of their Camp, being about 20000 strong, put themselves into Batallia, and made a shew for some time, of attacking us in our Flanks; but we did our part to hinder their design, and so the Fight begun, and God blessing your Majesty's Arms, cast the Enemy into confusion; They Fled and we followed them very close, and became Master of their whole Camp, (as at the raising the Siege of* Vienna;) *of all their Tents, Baggage, Artilery, and all their Riches: Four thousand of the Turks were slain upon the place, and a great many were wounded, besides those that were killed, wounded, or taken prisoners in the pursuit, we having sent the Hungarians and the Poles after them. The Turks had with them 1000 Janisaries, who were all cut off. We have taken the great Standard of* Mahomet, *which the* Sultan *gives to the Grand Visier, when he takes upon him the general command of the Army, and the Pavillion of the Turkish Officer, who is known by the Title of* Serasquier, *and commanded in chief this Army, in the absence of the Visier. This Victory, through the Almighty hand of God, may be said to be compleat and entire, and gives us a prospect of being in few days Masters of the Town and Castle of* Buda. *Prince* Louis *of* Baden, *Nephew to Prince* Herman *of* Baden, *pursued the Enemy above two hours at the head of the Regiments of the Prince of* Savoy *and of General* Gotz; *and it was he that took the Enemies Cannon. The Faithful Hungarians, and Prince* Lubomirski's *Poles followed them likewise a great way. We cannot certainly sufficiently commend the Courage of our Cavalry, and we may say to your Majesty that all the Officers have behaved themselves extreamly well, and have outdone what could be expected from them. We must truly own that the Count* de Caprara, *Mareschal* de Camp *General, Prince* Louis de Baden, *the Prince* de Salm, *and all the Officers of the Imperial Army have very much contributed to the Glory of this Day. We have caused* Te Deum *to be sung for this Victory, and for the rest we refer it to Count* Magni *to give your Imperial Majesty a more particular Account of what passed.*

Charles *Duke of* Lorrain.

*From the Camp before*
Buda July 23.

*From the Camp before* Virovitza, *otherwise called* Berzeche, July 20. 1684.

Our General, Count *Leslie*, having advice that the Turks were drawing together all the Troops which they had between the *Save* and the *Drave* to succor this place, which we have besieged since the 11th Instant, and that the Bassa of *Marothz*, who had the guard of the Bridge of *Essecke*, was arrived with 2500 Turks near *Flatina*, about four German miles from hence, in order to joyn the Beg of *Zerneg* and the Governor of *Gradischa*, who for that purpose were on their march with 1400 men, he immediately caused the Regiments of Croats, making about 4000 men, to march under the command of the Count *de Trautmansdorfe*, with orders to hinder the Enemies conjunction: They marched all night, and about seven this morning attacked the said Bassa in his Camp near *Flatina*;

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